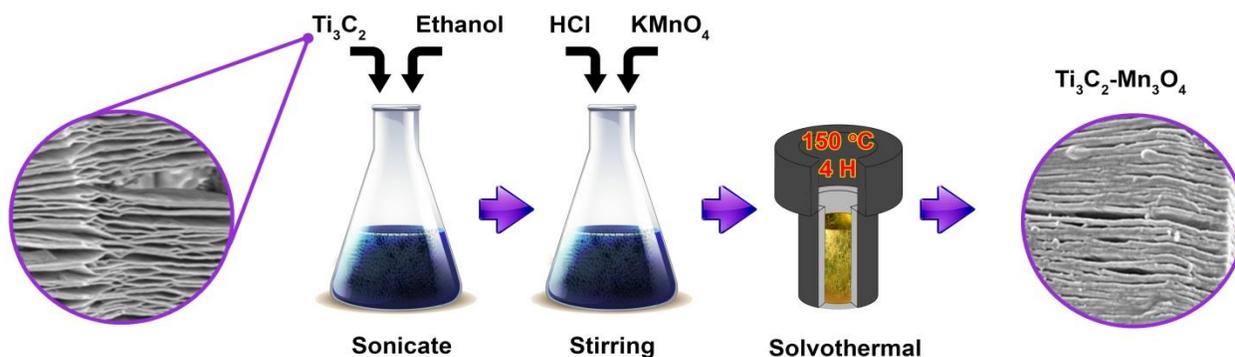


# Electrochemical performance of two-dimensional $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{-Mn}_3\text{O}_4$ nanocomposites and carbonized iron cations for hybrid supercapacitor electrodes

## Abstract

Supercapacitors (SCs) are easily able to discharge at a very fast rate in delivering the necessary high power as compared to batteries and thus can complement batteries in many domestic, commercial and industrial applications [1-2]. In this work, we present a simple two-step synthesis route to develop a cost effective high performance  $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{-Mn}_3\text{O}_4$  nanocomposite via a solvothermal process at  $150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ . The characterization of the composite material was obtained via various techniques. Electrochemical performance study of the material as a potential supercapacitor electrode demonstrated a maximum specific capacity of  $128\text{ mAh g}^{-1}$  at a specific current of  $1\text{ A g}^{-1}$  in a  $6\text{ M KOH}$  aqueous electrolyte. A capacity retention of  $77.7\%$  of the initial value was recorded after over  $2,000$  galvanostatic cycles at  $10\text{ A g}^{-1}$  for the single electrode. More so, the as-prepared nanocomposite sample electrode also showed a relatively stable property with an energy efficiency of  $83.5\%$  after cycling tests. Interestingly, an assembled hybrid supercapacitor device with carbonized iron cations (C-FP) and the  $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{-Mn}_3\text{O}_4$  composite delivered a specific capacity of  $78.9\text{ mAh g}^{-1}$ . The device yielded a high energy of  $28.3\text{ Wh kg}^{-1}$  with an equivalent  $463.4\text{ W kg}^{-1}$  power density at  $1\text{ A g}^{-1}$ . A good cycling stability performance with an energy efficiency of  $90.2\%$  in addition to a  $92.6\%$  capacity retention was observed for over  $10,000$  cycles at specific current of  $3\text{ A g}^{-1}$  over a voltage window of  $1.5\text{ V}$ .



## References

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